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- (8) Quantity entered (net weight in kilograms).
- (9) Entry type (formal or informal), and
 - (10) Amount remitted.
- (e) Late payment charge. Any importer who fails to timely remit any assessment required by this subpart shall be subject to a late payment charge. Such late payment charge shall be calculated and assessed in accordance with part 1403 of this chapter, or successor regulations, and shall be in addition to any penalty due or other charge due

[59 FR 10944, Mar. 9, 1994, as amended at 62 FR 3198, Jan. 22, 1997]

§ 1464.105 Refund of assessments.

Assessments paid on imported tobacco may be refunded if the person importing such tobacco establishes, to the satisfaction of the Director, that the tobacco on which the assessment was paid has been reexported as unmanufactured tobacco or destroyed in an unmanufactured state. Assessment refunds will be based on entry weight as identified on Customs Service Form CF7501 or CF7505, or other documentation or data as required by the Director or found by the Director to be appropriate. Additional refund documentation, including proof of export, will be required consistent with the "duty drawback" provisions administered by the Customs Service pursuant to section 313(a) of the Tariff Act of 1930, as amended. Persons seeking a refund shall submit their request and documentation to the Director, Tobacco Division, Farm Service Agency (FSA), United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), P.O. Box 2415, Washington, DC 20013-2415. Where deemed appropriate, the Director may, in writing, allow the use of substitute documentation and permit payments to successors in interest where the reexporter and importer are not the same. Where exporter and importer are not the same, refunds shall be to the importer unless the importer, in writing, notifies the Director that the payment should be made to the exporter.

[59 FR 10944, Mar. 9, 1994, as amended at 68 FR 65385, Nov. 20, 2003]

§1464.106 Marketing penalties.

- (a) Failure to remit assessments. An importer who fails to timely remit an assessment in accordance with this subpart shall be subject to a marketing penalty.
- (1) Budget deficit marketing assessment. With respect to the assessment referred to in §1464.102, if an importer fails to pay or to timely remit the BDMA, such importer shall be subject to a marketing penalty at a per kilogram rate equal to 75 percent of the average market price (calculated to the nearest whole cent) for the respective like kind domestic tobacco being imported for the domestic marketing year which immediately preceded the domestic marketing year in which the imported tobacco became subject to the BDMA. Such marketing penalty rate shall apply to the quantity of tobacco on which the failure occurred. Amounts due for the penalty shall be in addition to any other amount as may be due, including, but not limited to, the amount due for the BDMA itself, or any applicable late fees, charges, or interest.
- (2) Importer no-net-cost assessment. With respect to assessments referred to in §1464.103, if an importer of burley or flue-cured tobacco fails to timely remit a no-net-cost assessment in accordance with the provisions in this subpart, such importer shall be liable, in addition to any no-net-cost assessment or other sum due and any late payment charges, to a marketing penalty at a per kilogram rate equal to 75 percent of the average market price (calculated to the nearest whole cent) for the respective kind of domestic tobacco (burley or flue-cured) for the respective domestic tobacco marketing year in which such imported tobacco was imported, on the quantity of tobacco as to which the failure occurs.
- (b) Exception to marketing penalty. A marketing penalty otherwise required by this paragraph may be forgiven if the assessment for which nonpayment of the penalty could be assessed is remitted not later than 15 calendar days after the date otherwise required for the remittance by this subpart.
- (c) Notification of marketing penalty. Before a marketing penalty is assessed, the importer shall be notified of the

pending assessment and shall be afforded an opportunity for a hearing with respect to the assessment of the penalty. Such notification will be by, and such hearing will be before, the Director or designee.

- (d) Marketing penalty reduction. The Executive Vice President, CCC, or designee, may reduce the amount of any marketing penalty for which a person otherwise would be liable under the provisions of this section upon finding that failure to comply was unintentional or without knowledge on the part of such person and that such reduction would not damage the tobacco program or the administration of this part.
- (e) Prohibition of use, processing or marketing of tobacco for which the assessments have not been paid; other remedies. The knowing use, processing, or marketing of tobacco in the commerce of the United States of any tobacco for which an assessment or related charge required or provided for by this subpart is past due, is prohibited. The penalties and other remedies provided in this section shall be in addition to, and not exclusive of, other remedies that may be available.

[59 FR 10944, Mar. 9, 1994, as amended at 62 FR 3198, Jan. 22, 1997]

§1464.107 Recordkeeping.

- (a) Retention of records. Each importer of tobacco shall maintain all records that are relevant to any imported tobacco that is subject to an assessment in accordance with this subpart. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of entry of such tobacco. The burden of establishing compliance with this part shall be on the importer of the tobacco.
- (b) Examination of records and reports. The Executive Vice President, CCC, the Director, or any person authorized by one of such persons, or any auditor or agent of the Office of the Inspector General, is authorized to examine any records that such person has reason to believe are relevant to any matter pertinent to the payment of importer assessments under this subpart. Upon request of an authorized person, each importer shall make available for examination such records as are under such importer's control that may be rel-

evant to imported tobacco that is subject to an assessment in accordance with this subpart or otherwise relevant to the administration of this subpart. Upon a failure to provide access or records, the Director may presume that such an inquiry would have produced information unfavorable to the party to the inquiry and shall make further determinations in the matter accordingly.

§1464.108 Reconsideration and appeal.

An importer may request the Director to reconsider any determination of the amount of any assessment due, any marketing penalty assessed, or other adverse determination rendered in accordance with this subpart. Any request for reconsideration shall be made within 30 calendar days of the date of the notification of such assessment, marketing penalty, or adverse determination. If the importer is dissatisfied with a determination rendered by the Director with respect to a request for reconsideration, such importer may appeal the determination to the Director, National Appeals Division, USDA. Any such appeal shall be handled in accordance with the provisions of 7 CFR part 780.

[59 FR 10944, Mar. 9, 1994, as amended at 62 FR 3199, Jan. 22, 1997; 68 FR 65385, Nov. 20, 2003]

Subparts C-F [Reserved]

Subpart G—Tobacco Payment Program

Source: 68 FR 18834, Apr. 17, 2003, unless otherwise noted.

$\$\,1464.601$ Applicability and basic terms for payments.

This subpart sets forth the terms and conditions of the Tobacco Payment Program (TOPP). Under this program CCC will make direct payments on a farm relating to basic tobacco quotas or allotments established for the 2002 crop year under part I of subtitle B of title III of the Agricultural Adjustment Act of 1938 (7 U.S.C. 1311 et seq.) for eligible tobaccos. Payments are subject to the availability of funds and payment formulas set out in this part.